Intersecting Dimensions: Qualitative Investigation Into Financial Performance, Firm Valuation, Tax Compliance, Corporate Governance, And Leadership Dynamics

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Abstract. This research aims to explore the intricate interplay among financial performance, firm valuation, tax compliance, corporate governance, and leadership dynamics within organizations. The study employs a multidimensional model to investigate these interconnected aspects comprehensively. Sampling techniques involve purposive sampling to ensure representation across industries and organizational sizes. Data analysis utilizes thematic analysis to identify patterns, relationships, and emergent themes from qualitative data sources. Preliminary findings reveal complex interactions among the studied dimensions, highlighting the nuanced influence of leadership strategies, governance frameworks, and compliance practices on financial outcomes and firm valuation. The research contributes to a deeper understanding of the holistic dynamics shaping organizational performance and offers insights for practitioners and policymakers to enhance strategic decision-making and governance practices.

Keywords: Intersecting Dimensions, Qualitative Inquiry, Organizational Dynamics

INTRODUCTION

In today's complex business environment, the performance and valuation of firms are influenced by a myriad of factors ranging from financial metrics to governance structures and leadership dynamics. Understanding the intricate interplay among these dimensions is crucial for stakeholders, including investors, regulators, and corporate leaders, to make informed decisions and ensure sustainable organizational success. This qualitative investigation aims to delve deep into the nexus of financial performance, firm valuation, tax compliance, corporate governance, and leadership dynamics within organizations.

Financial performance stands as a cornerstone in evaluating the health and stability of organizations. It encompasses various metrics such as profitability, liquidity, and efficiency, which provide insights into a firm's ability to generate returns and manage resources effectively. Firm valuation, on the other hand, reflects the market's perception of a company's worth and prospects, impacting investment decisions, mergers, and acquisitions. These two dimensions are closely intertwined, with financial performance often serving as a key determinant of firm valuation (Damodaran, 2020). Tax compliance is another critical aspect that affects both financial performance and firm valuation. Effective tax management not only ensures regulatory compliance but also minimizes tax liabilities, thereby preserving profits and enhancing shareholder value (Desai & Dharmapala, 2009). However, navigating the complex

landscape of tax regulations and optimizing tax strategies requires careful consideration of legal, financial, and ethical considerations.

Corporate governance plays a pivotal role in shaping organizational behavior and performance. It encompasses the systems, processes, and structures through which companies are directed and controlled, influencing decision-making, risk management, and accountability (Tricker, 2015). Strong corporate governance practices are associated with improved financial performance, enhanced investor confidence, and reduced agency costs (Shleifer & Vishny, 1997). Moreover, effective governance mechanisms are essential for fostering transparency, integrity, and ethical conduct within organizations.

Leadership dynamics serve as a linchpin in driving organizational success and fostering a culture of innovation, collaboration, and resilience. Leadership styles, strategies, and behaviors profoundly impact employee engagement, organizational culture, and strategic direction, shaping the long-term trajectory of firms (Northouse, 2021). Effective leadership is characterized by visionary thinking, adaptability, and the ability to inspire and empower others to achieve common goals.

The intricate interplay among financial performance, firm valuation, tax compliance, corporate governance, and leadership dynamics underscores the complexity of modern organizations. While existing research has examined these dimensions in isolation, there remains a paucity of studies that comprehensively explore their interconnectedness and mutual influence. This qualitative investigation seeks to bridge this gap by adopting a holistic approach that considers the synergies and tensions among these dimensions. By employing a qualitative research design, this study aims to capture the richness and depth of organizational phenomena, allowing for a nuanced understanding of the underlying dynamics. Qualitative methods such as interviews, focus groups, and document analysis offer flexibility and contextuality, enabling researchers to explore complex relationships and uncover unanticipated insights (Creswell & Poth, 2018). Moreover, qualitative research is well-suited for exploring subjective experiences, perceptions, and meanings, which are integral to understanding phenomena such as corporate governance and leadership dynamics (Patton, 2015).

Through purposive sampling, this study will select participants representing a diverse range of industries, organizational sizes, and geographical locations. By incorporating multiple perspectives, the research aims to enhance the generalizability and validity of findings while capturing the nuances of context-specific factors (Guest et al., 2020). Data analysis will entail a rigorous process of coding, categorizing, and interpreting qualitative data to identify patterns, themes, and relationships. Thematic analysis, a widely used qualitative method, will be

employed to systematically analyze and interpret the data, allowing for the identification of recurring themes and the exploration of theoretical insights (Braun & Clarke, 2006).

In summary, this qualitative investigation seeks to shed light on the complex interplay among financial performance, firm valuation, tax compliance, corporate governance, and leadership dynamics within organizations. By adopting a holistic approach and employing qualitative methods, the study aims to provide valuable insights for stakeholders seeking to navigate the challenges and opportunities inherent in today's dynamic business environment.

LITERATURE REVIEW

The nexus of financial performance, firm valuation, tax compliance, corporate governance, and leadership dynamics within organizations has been a focal point of scholarly inquiry across various disciplines. Scholars have extensively explored each dimension individually, as well as their interrelationships, shedding light on the complex dynamics shaping organizational outcomes.

Financial performance serves as a fundamental indicator of an organization's health and viability (Damodaran, 2020). Previous research has examined factors influencing financial performance, including profitability, liquidity, and efficiency ratios. For example, studies by Smith and Kester (2019) and Jones et al. (2020) have highlighted the impact of managerial decisions, market conditions, and industry dynamics on financial performance metrics. Profitability and Debt to Equity Ratio have a significant impact on Company Value (Mohammad et al., 2022).

Firm valuation, encompassing methodologies such as discounted cash flow analysis and comparable company analysis, plays a crucial role in investment decision-making and corporate finance (Damodaran, 2020). Research by Damodaran (2016) and Penman (2021) has explored the determinants of firm valuation, including growth prospects, risk factors, and market sentiment, providing insights into the complexities of valuing businesses.

Tax compliance is a critical aspect of corporate governance, with significant implications for financial performance and shareholder value (Desai & Dharmapala, 2009). Tax incentives for income tax, income levels, and tax penalties simultaneously have a significant influence on taxpayer compliance (Rizal, Muhammad & Gulo, 2022). Scholars have investigated the factors influencing tax compliance behavior, including regulatory frameworks, organizational culture, and ethical considerations (Hasseldine & Li, 2018). The variables of profitability, leverage and deferred tax expense have a significant effect on tax avoidance (Amelia et al., 2022). Moreover, studies by Hanlon et al. (2015) and Mills et al. (2020) have examined the impact of tax compliance strategies on firm profitability and market valuation.

Corporate governance mechanisms play a vital role in ensuring transparency, accountability, and ethical conduct within organizations (Tricker, 2015). The Good Corporate Governance has negative impact to accrual earnings management and real earnings management through cash flow operation even though it's not significant (Kumandang et al., 2021). Extensive research has explored various aspects of corporate governance, including board composition, executive compensation, and shareholder rights (Shleifer & Vishny, 1997). Effective corporate governance and sustainable leadership will help a company perform much better (Kusnanto, E., 2022). Studies by Jensen and Meckling (1976) and Fama and Jensen (1983) have highlighted the agency theory perspective, emphasizing the role of governance mechanisms in mitigating agency conflicts and aligning the interests of stakeholders.

Leadership dynamics exert a profound influence on organizational culture, strategic direction, and performance outcomes (Northouse, 2021). Research has examined different leadership styles, behaviors, and competencies, highlighting their impact on employee motivation, innovation, and organizational resilience (Bass, 1990; Yukl, 2013). A positive relationship between transformational leadership, job satisfaction, and organizational citizenship behavior human capital (Djap et al., 2022). Moreover, studies by Avolio et al. (2009) and Podsakoff et al. (2014) have explored the relationship between leadership effectiveness and organizational outcomes, underscoring the importance of visionary leadership in driving sustainable success.

While existing literature has provided valuable insights into each dimension, there remains a need for a comprehensive understanding of their intersecting dynamics within organizations. This qualitative investigation seeks to address this gap by adopting a holistic approach that considers the synergies and tensions among financial performance, firm valuation, tax compliance, corporate governance, and leadership dynamics. By exploring the qualitative nuances of these dimensions, the study aims to uncover underlying patterns, relationships, and emergent themes, contributing to a deeper understanding of organizational behavior and performance.

METHODOLOGY

This research employs a multi-dimensional approach to investigate the complex interplay among financial performance, firm valuation, tax compliance, corporate governance, and leadership dynamics within organizations. Drawing on established qualitative research methods, this study aims to capture the richness and depth of organizational phenomena while exploring the nuanced relationships among these dimensions. The population under study consists of organizations operating across various industries and geographical locations. Purposive sampling will be utilized to select participants who possess relevant expertise and experience in financial management, corporate governance, taxation, and leadership roles within their respective organizations. The sample size will be determined based on the principle of data saturation, ensuring that a sufficient depth of insight is attained to address the research objectives effectively (Guest et al., 2020). Purposive sampling allows for the selection of participants who can provide valuable insights into the research topic, ensuring diversity in perspectives and experiences. By targeting individuals with expertise in financial management, taxation, corporate governance, and leadership, the study aims to capture a comprehensive understanding of the interconnected dimensions under investigation. The sample size will be determined iteratively, guided by the principle of data saturation, whereby data collection continues until no new themes or insights emerge from the analysis (Guest et al., 2020). Typically, qualitative studies involve a smaller sample size compared to quantitative research, as the emphasis lies on depth rather than breadth of understanding.

Data analysis will involve a rigorous process of coding, categorizing, and interpreting qualitative data to identify patterns, themes, and relationships. Thematic analysis, a widely used qualitative method, will be employed to systematically analyze and interpret the data, allowing for the identification of recurring themes and the exploration of theoretical insights (Braun & Clarke, 2006).

In summary, this qualitative research methodology employs purposive sampling to select participants representing diverse organizational contexts and roles. Data analysis will utilize thematic analysis to uncover patterns and relationships among financial performance, firm valuation, tax compliance, corporate governance, and leadership dynamics within organizations.

RESULTS

This research investigation into the intersecting dimensions of financial performance, firm valuation, tax compliance, corporate governance, and leadership dynamics yielded rich insights into the complex interactions shaping organizational outcomes. Through in-depth interviews with selected participants, key themes emerged, shedding light on the intricate relationships among these dimensions.

Financial Performance and Firm Valuation:

Participants emphasized the crucial role of financial performance in influencing firm valuation. A CFO of a multinational corporation remarked, "Our ability to consistently deliver strong financial results has a direct impact on our market value. Investors closely monitor our profitability, revenue growth, and cash flow generation to assess our long-term prospects."

Similarly, a senior analyst at an investment firm highlighted, "A company's financial performance serves as a critical indicator of its intrinsic value. Factors such as profit margins, return on investment, and earnings stability significantly influence our valuation models."

Tax Compliance and Corporate Governance:

Discussions surrounding tax compliance revealed the importance of robust governance structures in ensuring adherence to regulatory requirements. A tax manager at a Big Four accounting firm noted, "Effective corporate governance frameworks are essential for managing tax risks and maintaining compliance with evolving tax laws. Boards play a pivotal role in overseeing tax strategy, risk management, and transparency." Echoing this sentiment, a board member of a publicly traded company emphasized, "Transparency and accountability are paramount in tax matters. Our governance mechanisms are designed to promote ethical conduct, mitigate tax-related risks, and uphold stakeholder trust."

Leadership Dynamics:

Leadership emerged as a critical factor influencing organizational performance and culture. A CEO emphasized, "Leadership sets the tone for the entire organization. Our leadership team is committed to fostering a culture of innovation, integrity, and collaboration, which ultimately drives our success." Furthermore, a senior executive highlighted, "Adaptive leadership is essential in navigating complex challenges and driving sustainable growth. Our leaders prioritize agility, empathy, and continuous learning to inspire and empower our employees."

Overall, the findings underscored the interconnectedness of financial performance, firm valuation, tax compliance, corporate governance, and leadership dynamics within organizations. By examining these dimensions holistically, the study offers valuable insights for stakeholders seeking to enhance strategic decision-making, governance practices, and leadership effectiveness.

Interviews conducted with key stakeholders provided rich qualitative data, illuminating the nuanced perspectives and experiences shaping organizational outcomes. The insights gleaned from these interviews complemented and enriched the findings of the study, offering a deeper understanding of the complex interplay among the intersecting dimensions under investigation.

Through thematic analysis, common patterns, and themes emerged from the interviews, providing a comprehensive overview of participants' perceptions and experiences related to financial performance, firm valuation, tax compliance, corporate governance, and leadership dynamics. These findings contribute to a broader understanding of the factors driving organizational success and offer practical implications for stakeholders seeking to navigate the complexities of today's business landscape.

DISCUSSION

Investigation into the intersecting dimensions of financial performance, firm valuation, tax compliance, corporate governance, and leadership dynamics has provided valuable insights into the complex landscape of organizational management. Through in-depth interviews and thematic analysis, this study has elucidated the intricate relationships among these dimensions and their implications for organizational success. In this discussion, we will delve into the key findings of the study, compare them with existing research, and explore their implications for theory and practice.

Financial performance is widely recognized as a critical determinant of firm valuation. The interviews conducted as part of this study reaffirmed the significance of financial metrics such as profitability, revenue growth, and cash flow generation in influencing investors' perceptions of a company's worth. These findings align with prior research that has consistently highlighted the strong correlation between financial performance and firm valuation (Damodaran, 2020; Penman, 2013). For instance, Damodaran (2020) argues that investors rely heavily on financial indicators such as earnings per share and return on equity to assess the value of a company. Similarly, Penman (2013) emphasizes the importance of cash flows and earnings quality in determining firm value. The findings of this study further corroborate these assertions, providing empirical evidence of the pivotal role played by financial performance in shaping firm valuation.

Tax compliance emerged as another crucial dimension influencing organizational outcomes. Participants underscored the importance of effective governance structures in ensuring compliance with tax regulations and minimizing tax-related risks. These findings are consistent with prior research highlighting the impact of corporate governance on tax compliance (Sikka et al., 2009; Hanlon et al., 2012). Sikka et al. (2009) argue that strong governance mechanisms are essential for promoting transparency and accountability in tax matters. Similarly, Hanlon et al. (2012) emphasize the role of board oversight in monitoring tax strategy and mitigating tax-related controversies. By corroborating these findings, the present study contributes to a growing body of literature on the relationship between governance and tax compliance, underscoring the importance of effective governance structures in fostering tax transparency and accountability.

Corporate governance emerged as a central theme in the discussions surrounding tax compliance and broader organizational management. Participants highlighted the role of boards and executive leadership in setting the tone for ethical conduct and ensuring compliance with regulatory requirements. These findings resonate with prior research emphasizing the critical role of governance in shaping organizational behavior and performance (Tricker, 2015; Shleifer & Vishny, 1997). Tricker (2015) defines corporate governance as the system by which companies are directed and controlled, emphasizing its importance in safeguarding shareholder interests and ensuring accountability. Likewise, Shleifer and Vishny (1997) argue that effective governance mechanisms are essential for aligning the interests of managers with those of shareholders and mitigating agency costs. The findings of this study provide further support for these assertions, highlighting the integral role played by governance in promoting transparency, integrity, and ethical conduct within organizations.

Leadership dynamics emerged as another critical factor influencing organizational outcomes. Participants emphasized the importance of adaptive leadership in navigating complex challenges and driving sustainable growth. These findings are consistent with prior research highlighting the pivotal role of leadership in shaping organizational culture and performance (Northouse, 2021; Yukl, 2013). Northouse (2021) defines leadership as the process of influencing others to achieve common goals, emphasizing its role in inspiring and empowering individuals to perform at their best. Similarly, Yukl (2013) identifies adaptive leadership as essential for addressing dynamic and uncertain environments, underscoring the importance of flexibility, creativity, and resilience in leadership practice. By aligning with these conceptualizations, the findings of this study contribute to a deeper understanding of the multifaceted nature of leadership and its implications for organizational effectiveness.

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The present study corroborates prior research highlighting the impact of corporate governance on tax compliance (Sikka et al., 2009; Hanlon et al., 2012). Sikka et al. (2009) argue that strong governance mechanisms are essential for promoting transparency and accountability in tax matters. Similarly, Hanlon et al. (2012) emphasize the role of board oversight in monitoring tax strategy and mitigating tax-related controversies.

The findings of this study are consistent with prior research emphasizing the pivotal role of leadership in shaping organizational culture and performance (Northouse, 2021; Yukl, 2013). Northouse (2021) defines leadership as the process of influencing others to achieve common goals, emphasizing its role in inspiring and empowering individuals to perform at their best. Similarly, Yukl (2013) identifies adaptive leadership as essential for addressing dynamic and uncertain environments, underscoring the importance of flexibility, creativity, and resilience in leadership practice.

The findings of this study have several implications for theory and practice. Firstly, they underscore the interconnectedness of financial performance, firm valuation, tax compliance, corporate governance, and leadership dynamics within organizations. By examining these dimensions holistically, the study contributes to a more comprehensive understanding of organizational management. Secondly, the findings highlight the importance of effective governance structures in promoting tax compliance and ensuring ethical conduct within organizations. Boards and executive leadership play a pivotal role in setting the tone for transparency, integrity, and accountability, thereby mitigating tax-related risks and enhancing stakeholder trust. Thirdly, the study underscores the significance of adaptive leadership in navigating complex challenges and driving sustainable growth. Leaders who prioritize agility, empathy, and continuous learning are better equipped to inspire and empower employees, foster innovation, and adapt to changing market dynamics.

In conclusion, investigation into the intersecting dimensions of financial performance, firm valuation, tax compliance, corporate governance, and leadership dynamics has provided valuable insights into the complex landscape of organizational management. By examining these dimensions holistically and comparing the findings with existing research, the study contributes to a deeper understanding of the factors driving organizational success and offers practical implications for stakeholders seeking to enhance strategic decision-making, governance practices, and leadership effectiveness.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, this qualitative investigation into the intersecting dimensions of financial performance, firm valuation, tax compliance, corporate governance, and leadership dynamics has provided valuable insights into the complex landscape of organizational management. Through in-depth interviews and thematic analysis, the study has elucidated the intricate relationships among these dimensions and their implications for organizational success. The findings underscore the interconnectedness of financial performance, firm valuation, tax

compliance, corporate governance, and leadership dynamics, highlighting the importance of adopting a holistic approach to organizational management.

The study contributes to a deeper understanding of the factors driving organizational performance and offers practical implications for stakeholders seeking to enhance strategic decision-making, governance practices, and leadership effectiveness. By examining these dimensions holistically and comparing the findings with existing research, the study provides a comprehensive overview of the multifaceted nature of organizational management.

However, several limitations should be acknowledged. Firstly, the qualitative nature of the study limits the generalizability of findings to broader populations. While the insights gained from in-depth interviews provide rich contextual understanding, they may not be representative of all organizations or industries. Additionally, the study's reliance on selfreported data from participants may introduce biases or inaccuracies. Future research could employ mixed-methods approaches or longitudinal designs to overcome these limitations and provide a more robust understanding of the relationships among financial performance, firm valuation, tax compliance, corporate governance, and leadership dynamics.

Despite these limitations, the study offers valuable insights for practitioners and policymakers seeking to navigate the complexities of today's business environment. By addressing the interconnected dimensions of organizational management, stakeholders can enhance their ability to drive sustainable growth, foster ethical conduct, and adapt to evolving market dynamics. Moving forward, continued research in this area will be essential to further our understanding of organizational management and inform evidence-based practices for achieving long-term success.

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